

U.S. Government Databases

The following databases (listed alphabetically) have been created by agencies or departments in the US Federal Government. The databases are freely available on the web for all users. Some full-text of publications may be given in these databases.

American FactFinder <http://factfinder.census.gov/home/saff/main.html>

The FactFinder is a source for population, economic, housing, and geographic data. The American FactFinder includes results from Census 2000, American Community Survey data, and the 1997 Economic Census.

Cool (College Opportunities Online) <http://nces.ed.gov/ipeds/cool/>

Search for information on colleges, universities, trade and technical schools, and community colleges.

DOE Information Bridge <http://www.osti.gov/bridge/>

The information bridge contains documents and citations in physics, chemistry, materials, biology, environmental sources, energy technology, engineering, computer and information resources, and renewable energy in a searchable database of full-text energy research reports from 1996 to the present.

EDGAR Database <http://www.sec.gov/edgar/searchedgar/webusers.htm>

The Electronic Data Gathering, Analysis, and Retrieval system performs automated collection, validation, indexing, acceptance, and forwarding of submissions by companies and others who are required by law to file forms with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC). Search for Company filings, description of SEC forms, and SIC codes.

Envirofacts (EPA) http://www.epa.gov/enviro/html/ef_overview.html

This site is the access point for several databases from the EPA on the environment including Toxics Release inventory, Superfund (CERCLIS) and others.

Environmental Health Information Service <http://www.niehs.nih.gov/external/facts.htm>

The NIEHS provides facts about environment-related diseases and health risks.

Federal R&D Project Summaries <http://www.osti.gov/fedrnd/>

Search research project summaries and grant awards funded by NIH, NSF, and DOE.

Federal Reserve Economic Data <http://www.stls.frb.org/fred/>

Includes current, weekly, monthly U.S. and regional economic data. This is a database of over 3000 U.S. economic time series. With FRED® you can download data in Microsoft Excel and text formats and view

charts Find information on the following:

[Banking](#)

[Business/Fiscal](#)

[Consumer Price Indexes \(CPI\)](#)

[Employment & Population](#)

[Exchange Rates](#)

[Gross Domestic Product \(GDP\) and Components](#)

[Interest Rates](#)

[Monetary Aggregates](#)

[Producer Price Indexes \(PPI\)](#)

[Reserves and Monetary Base](#)

[U.S. Trade & International Transactions](#)

[U.S. Financial Data](#)

[FRB-St. Louis District Data](#)

FEDSTATS <http://www.fedstats.gov/>

Access to statistics available from over 100 U.S. federal agencies. Includes links to statistics and statistical agencies, as well as:

[Topic links - A to Z](#) - Direct access to statistical data on topics of your choice.

[MapStats](#) - Statistical profiles of States, counties, cities, Congressional Districts, and Federal judicial districts.

Gateway to 21st Century Skills (GEM) <http://thegateway.org/>

The GEM is a searchable database of curriculum resources for K-12 educators.

GPO Access <http://www.gpoaccess.gov/index.html>

Over 30 full-text databases (A-Z list) made available by the Government Printing Office *GPO*. To browse a list of topics, go to the [A-Z Resource List](#).

GrayLit Network <http://www.osti.gov/graylit/>

Searches technical reports and other literature published outside of normal publication distribution channels by a group of government agencies in science.

HazDat Database <http://www.atsdr.cdc.gov/hazdat.html>

Information on the release of hazardous substances, their health effects, community health concerns, superfund sites, and more.

Catalog of Government Publications <http://catalog.gpo.gov/F>

This search provides records of publications of the United States government since 1994. If the publication is available freely online, a link to the full-text will be provided with the record.

NLM Gateway <http://gateway.nlm.nih.gov/gw/Cmd>

This gateway gives access to several databases in the medical field including MEDLINE, AIDSLINE, and others from the National Library of Medicine.

National Climatic Data Center Online Document Library

<http://www5.ncdc.noaa.gov/pubs/publications.html>

Provides data and data sets on topics related to climate.

National Library of Medicine LOCATORplus <http://130.14.16.150/>

This is a catalog of books, journals, audiovisuals, and other medical research tools in the National Library of Medicine.

National Technical Information Service (NTIS) <http://www.ntis.gov/search/>

NTIS provides an index to citations for NTIS publications by title or topic.

Patent Full-Text and Full-Page Image Databases <http://www.uspto.gov/patft/>

This is a searchable database of patents issued from 1976 to the present (images not yet available) provided by the Patent and Trademark Office.

PubMed <http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/PubMed/>

PubMed indexes citations in medicine and related life science topics from the National Library of Medicine. [Some links to full-text online journals is provided.](#)

PubScience <http://pubsci.osti.gov/>

This provides an index to article citations and abstracts in physical sciences and other energy-related disciplines.

Thomas <http://thomas.loc.gov/>

Thomas, provided by the Library of Congress, provides access to full-text congressional publications including bills, laws, and committee reports.

USGS Publications Warehouse <http://infotrek.er.usgs.gov/pubs>

The USGS publication search gives access to bibliographic citations for over 70,000 publications, full product and thematic map content for over 40,000 publications, and USGS numbered series begun in 1880.

WISQARS <http://www.cdc.gov/ncipc/wisqars/>

WISQARS is the Web-based Injury Statistics Query and Reporting System from the National Center for Injury Prevention and Control (CDC). Search the system for reports on injury and death rates from different causes and among different groups of people.